Intermediate Exercises

34. Tojolabal

Tojolabal is a Mayan language of the Kanjobalan-Chujean family, spoken in Mexico. Determine whether plain [k] and glottalized $[k^2]$ are allophones of a single phoneme, in free variation, or in contrast. Support your answer with specific examples. (*Hint*: Don't forget that near-minimal pairs can be as convincing as minimal pairs.)

b.c.d.e.	[kisim] [t³ak²a] [koktit] [k²ak] [p²akan] [k²aʔem]	'my beard' 'chop it down' 'our feet' 'flea' 'hanging' 'sugar cane'	 g. [sak] h. [k²iʃin] i. [skutʃu] j. [k²uːtes] k. [snika] l. [ʔak²] 	'white' 'warm' 'he is carrying it' 'to dress' 'he stirred it' 'read'
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35. Spanish

Examine the following data from Spanish and answer the questions which follow. Note that $[\beta]$ represents a voiced bilabial fricative, and $[\gamma]$ a voiced velar fricative.

	. [bino]	'he came'	h. [uβa]	'grape'	o. [siylo]	'century'
b	. [diβino]	'divine'	i. [golpe]	'a hit'	p. [pweβlo]	'village'
c.	[kaβo]	'end'	j. [gato]	'cat'	q. [laðron]	'thief'
d.	[sußteraneo]	'subterranean'	k. [ayo]	'I do'	r. [kaßra]	'goat'
e.	[brotar]	'to sprout'	1. [iyaðo]	'liver'	s. [loyrar]	'to achieve'
f.	[imbjerno]	'winter'	m. [teŋgo]	'I have'		
g.	[amiyo]	'friend'	n. [leyal]	'legal'		

- i. The allophones [b] and [β] are in complementary distribution, as are [g] and [γ]. Determine the conditioning environments for each pair, and state a rule that describes the distribution of the allophones.
- ii. Refer to Exercise 28 (Standard Spanish) and the rule for the distribution of the allophones [d] and [\eth]. Describe the distribution of [b], [d], [g] and [β], [\eth], [γ] in the most general terms possible, assuming each pair of allophones follows the same pattern.

36. Canadian French

In the dialect of French (an Indo-European language of the Romance family) spoken in Canada, consider the distribution of [t] and [t^s] (a voiceless alveolar affricate) in the data below. State their distribution and determine if they are allophones of one phoneme or of separate phonemes. [y] and [y] are high, front, rounded vowels, tense and lax, respectively.

a.	[tu]	'all'	g.	[telegram]	'telegram'
b.	[abut ^s i]	'ended'	h.	[tre]	'very'
	[tol]	'cuch'	i.	[kylt ^s yr]	'culture'