

Exam: 406145RR - Reducing the Problem of Loss

When you have completed your exam and reviewed your answers, click **Submit Exam**. Answers will not be recorded until you hit **Submit Exam**. If you need to exit before completing the exam, click **Cancel Exam**.

Questions 1 to 20: Select the best answer to each question. Note that a question and its answers may be split across a page break, so be sure that you have seen the *entire* question and *all* the answers before choosing an answer.

1. Counter social media techniques are used as part of a/an

- A. data mining strategy.
- B. undercover investigation.
- C. employee background check.
- D. company's brand strategy.

2. Offsite access control services can be appropriate in facilities that have

- A. many exception-based entry requests.
- B. many visitors but only one main access point.
- C. limited access points and few visitors.
- D. limited access points but many incoming packages.

3. Which of the following statements is *true* of social media?

- A. If something inappropriate is uploaded to the Internet, it's easy to remove.
- B. It's counterproductive to try to have a plan for use of social media in the company.
- C. Social media isn't very useful for corporations, only individuals.
- D. Policies for use must constantly update to keep up with changing capabilities.

4. Which of the following is a disadvantage to the convergence of IT and physical security?

- A. Vulnerability of the physical system to computer viruses
- B. Too much data to keep track of effectively
- C. Excessive cost
- D. Vulnerability of the computer system to physical threats like fire

5. Which of the following questions *cannot* legally be asked of job applicants?

- A. Why did you leave your previous job?
- B. Have you ever been arrested, and if so, for what crime?
- C. Can you perform the functions of the job?
- D. What are your long-term career plans?

6. According to Speed's research, which group of employees generally commits the simplest types of thefts, with the lowest values?

A. Employees in their 20s who have been with the company for about 2 years

B. Experienced employees with several years of service with the company

C. New employees, age 20 or younger

D. Older employees with many years of service

7. The key criterion for the use of force in the arrest process is

A. probable cause.

B. reasonable suspicion.

C. reasonableness.

D. certainty.

8. _____ law is founded on principles of justice determined by custom and history.

A. Common

B. Contract

C. Legislative

D. Bench

9. The major purpose of an audit is to

A. prepare financial reports for government agencies.

B. balance the account books.

C. uncover deviations and inconsistencies.

D. record data related to business transactions.

10. Which of the following would a company's security personnel be *unable* to seize or search legally without assistance from the public police?

A. Photos on a corporate Blackberry device

B. Employee's personal cell phone

C. Company laptop the employee uses when traveling

D. E-mails on the employee's workstation hard drive

11. Which of the following purchasing documents usually includes an item description and justification for need?

A. Purchase requisition

B. Receiving report

C. Purchase order

D. Invoice

12. Countermeasures for external and internal threats can be conceptualized as

A. destroy, detect, and analyze.

B. risk aversion or prevention.

C. deter, detect, delay, and deny.

D. direct, surreptitious, or redundant.

13. *Quid pro quo* is the term that describes what form of harassment?

- A. An employee is required to engage in sexual activities in exchange for a workplace benefit.
- B. Sexual harassment that creates a hostile working environment
- C. An employee is subject to intimidation and slandering because he's thought to be gay.
- D. Disparate treatment due to an employee's religion, physical, or cultural traits

14. The effectiveness of security and loss prevention programs can be enhanced by

- A. discounting community resistance.
- B. deemphasizing the requirements of local jurisdictions.
- C. avoiding the use of intranets.
- D. good internal and external relations.

15. Which of the following is *not* considered part of a company's inventory?

- A. Merchandise for sale
- B. Equipment used in the business
- C. Raw materials used in producing merchandise
- D. Unfinished goods in production

16. Which of the following is the *most* common type of barrier used?

- A. Hedges
- B. Concertina fences stacked in a pyramid-like construction
- C. Structural barriers
- D. Chain-link fences topped with barbed wire

17. Which of the following is an advantage to creating a target-rich environment through clustering of people, property, and operations?

- A. More complex security requirements
- B. There are no advantages to a target-rich environment, only disadvantages.
- C. Reduced access points
- D. Terrorists avoid such areas because of tighter security.

18. Proprietary investigations are undertaken by

- A. contract investigative firms.
- B. outside police agencies.
- C. due-diligence firms.
- D. in-house employees.

19. An employer has the right under common law to conduct all of the following searches *except* _____ in most cases without fear of a lawsuit.

- A. pat-down of employee's body or searches of pockets
- B. searches of vehicles on company property
- C. searches of briefcases or backpacks
- D. searches of employee lockers and their contents

20. Which of the following would be an advantage to a company that chooses not to prosecute an employee for theft of company assets?

- A.** The company would set a positive example and gain support of local law enforcement.
 - B.** There would be more friction and greater deterrence.
 - C.** Labor troubles and litigation could be avoided.
 - D.** The company would appear strong while reducing future losses.
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End of exam